St George Leagues Club Limited

ABN 77 000 151 020

and its Controlled Entity

Annual Financial Report 31 October 2021

St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity Directors' Report

The directors present their report, together with the financial statements of St George Leagues Club Limited (the company) and its controlled entity (the consolidated entity) for the year ended 31 October 2021.

Directors

The directors of the company in office at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

Ralph Gordon Piggott
Peter Lawrence Doust
Brian Stuart Johnston
Bruce William Spaul
Peter Ernest Black
Michelle Maree McClelland
Craig Stephen Young
Martin Newman
Matthew David A'Court Horton

Information on directors

The information on directors is as follows:

Ralph Gordon Piggott	•	Chairman Company Director Director, St George District Rugby League Football Club Limited Director, St George Illawarra Rugby League Football Club Pty Limited
Peter Lawrence Doust	•	Deputy Chairman Director, St George District Rugby League Football Club Limited Director, St George Illawarra Rugby League Football Club Pty Limited
Brian Stuart Johnston	•	Business Consultant in lieu of Company Director Director, St George District Rugby League Football Club Limited
Bruce William Spaul	9	Chartered Accountant Director, St George District Rugby League Football Club Limited
Peter Ernest Black	•	Sales Manager Director, St George District Rugby League Football Club Limited Director, St George Illawarra Rugby League Football Club Pty Limited
Michelle Maree McClelland	•	School Teacher Director, St George District Rugby League Football Club Limited
Craig Stephen Young		Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, St George District Rugby League Football Club Limited Director, St George Illawarra Rugby League Football Club Pty Limited
Martin Newman	0	Company Director Director, St George District Rugby League Football Club Limited
Matthew David A'Court Horton	ø	Specialist Medical Practitioner Director, St George District Rugby League Football Club Limited

St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity Directors' Report (continued)

Directors' meetings

The number of directors' meetings of the company's Board of Directors (the Board) held during the year ended 31 October 2021 and the number of meetings held during the financial year were:

	Number of meetings	Number of meetings
Director	attended	held *
Ralph Gordon Piggott	11	11
Peter Lawrence Doust	10	11
Brian Stuart Johnston	10	11
Bruce William Spaul	11	11
Peter Ernest Black	11	11
Michelle Maree McClelland	11	11
Craig Stephen Young	11	11
Martin Newman	11	11
Matthew Horton	6	11

^{*} Number of meetings held during the time the director held office during the year.

Membership

The company is a company limited by guarantee and is without share capital. The number of members as at 31 October 2021 was 19,076 (2020: 22,979).

Members' limited liability

In accordance with the Constitution of the company, every member of the company undertakes to contribute an amount limited to \$2 per member in the event of the winding up of the company during the time that they are a member or within one year thereafter. The total amount that the members of the company are liable to contribute if the company is wound up is \$38,152 (2020: \$45,958).

Operating Result

The table below shows a reconciliation of St George Leagues Club and its Controlled Entity's earnings before finance costs, income tax, depreciation, amortisation and grants and community development expenditure to football clubs (referred to as EBITDAG).

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Net profit after income tax benefit attributable to members Add/(less) back:	2,775,182	2,735,362
Depreciation and amortisation expense Finance costs	2,355,004	2,592,591 516
Income tax benefit Grants to football clubs and community development and support	(21,166)	-
expenditure	359,684	1,202,969
EBITDAG	5,468,704	6,531,438

St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity Directors' Report (continued)

Short and long term objectives

The principal short and long term objectives of the consolidated entity are to operate a licensed social Club for the use of the members and their guests and to promote and foster the playing of Rugby League Football in the St George district and elsewhere.

Strategy for achieving the objectives

The Board and Management regularly address cash flow forecasts and apply budgetary controls to ensure that the objectives are achieved.

Principal activities

The principal activities of the company during the financial year were that of a licensed social Club and controlling the operations of the St George District Rugby League Football Club Limited.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the year.

How these activities assist in achieving the objectives

These activities generate funds to achieve the objectives of providing facilities and promoting and fostering the playing of rugby league football.

Performance measurement and key performance indicators

A number of performance indicators are employed by the company in order to measure and improve the company's performance. The company uses gross profit percentage and wages to sales percentage to measure the financial performance of each department.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under Section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 4.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Dated at Kogarah this 8th day of February 2022.

Ralph Gordon Piggott

Director



Tel: +61 2 9251 4100 Fax: +61 2 9240 9821 www.bdo.com.au

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY CLAYTON EVELEIGH TO THE DIRECTORS OF ST GEORGE LEAGUES CLUB LIMITED AND ITS CONTROLLED ENTITY

As lead auditor of St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity for the year ended 31 October 2021, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- The auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- Any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

This declaration is in respect to St George Leagues Club Limited and the entities it controlled during the year.

Clayton Eveleigh Director

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Kogarah, 8 February 2022



Level 11, 1 Margaret St Sydney NSW 2000 Australia



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of St George Leagues Club Limited (the Company) and its Controlled Entity (the consolidated entity), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 October 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in members' funds and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial report, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion the accompanying financial report of St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) Giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 October 2021 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Consolidated Entity in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information obtained at the date of this auditor's report is information included in the Directors' report, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website (http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_files/ar3.pdf. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

BDO Audit Pty Ltd

Clayton Eveleigh

Director

Kogarah, 8 February 2022

St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity Directors' Declaration

The directors of St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity declare that:

- (a) In the Directors' opinion the financial statements and notes set out on pages 8 to 29, are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) Giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 October 2021 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date; and
 - (ii) Complying with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements and Corporations Regulations 2001 and other professional reporting requirements;
- (b) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the consolidated entity will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

Dated at Kogarah this 8th day of February 2022.

Ralph Gordon Figgott

Director

St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 October 2021

	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
Revenue Sale of goods Rendering of services Other income		1,526,597 16,529,105 1,607,168	2,239,033 22,083,972 1,175,139
Total revenue and other income	1	19,662,870	25,498,144
Expenses Raw materials and consumables used Employee benefits expense Poker machine duty and CMS expense Occupancy expenses Marketing and promotional expenses Depreciation and amortisation expense Finance costs Football clubs and community development and support expenditure Loss on disposal of financial assets Other expenses	2	(778,946) (5,284,768) (3,363,297) (3,078,558) (711,453) (2,355,004) - (359,684) - (977,144)	(1,088,782) (5,864,168) (5,683,676) (3,454,915) (1,678,842) (2,592,591) (516) (1,202,969) (161,666) (1,034,657)
Total expenses		(16,908,854)	(22,762,782)
Profit before income tax benefit		2,754,016	2,735,362
Income tax benefit	4(a)	21,166	-
Net profit after income tax benefit attributable to members		2,775,182	2,735,362
Other comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		6,098	24,835
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to members		2,781,280	2,760,197

The Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes set out on pages 12 to 29.

St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at 31 October 2021

ASSETS	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Inventories Prepayments	5	12,401,075 602,577 141,546 434,250	19,718,274 25,209 135,068 501,799
Current tax assets	4(a)	5,550	-
Total Current Assets	-	13,584,998	20,380,350
Non-Current Assets Financial Assets Interest in Joint Venture Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets	6 18(h) 7 4(b)	11,684,486 100 39,557,345 424,083	2,691,747 100 40,795,613 461,100
Total Non-current Assets	•	51,666,014	43,948,560
Total Assets	-	65,251,012	64,328,910
LIABILTIES			
Current Liabilities Trade and other payables Employee benefits Deferred revenue	8 9	1,144,029 2,764,652 201,604	2,784,777 2,831,954 269,055
Total Current Liabilities	-	4,110,285	5,885,786
Non-Current Liabilities Employee benefits Deferred tax liabilities Deferred revenue	9 4(c)	87,163 124,798 78,167	99,545 177,431 96,829
Total Non-Current Liabilities	-	290,128	373,805
Total Liabilities	-	4,400,413	6,259,591
Net Assets		60,850,599	58,069,319
Members' Funds Revaluation reserve Retained profits		30,933 60,819,666	24,835 58,044,484
Total Members' Funds		60,850,599	58,069,319
	*		

The Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes set out on pages 12 to 29.

St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity Consolidated Statement of Changes in Members' Funds For the Year Ended 31 October 2021

	Retained Profits \$	Revaluation Reserve \$	Total Member Funds \$
Balance at 1 November 2019	55,309,122	-	55,309,122
Net profit after income tax benefit for the year	2,735,362	-	2,735,362
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	24,835	24,835
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,735,362	24,835	2,760,197
Balance at 31 October 2020	58,044,484	24,835	58,069,319
Net profit after income tax benefit for the year	2,775,182	-	2,775,182
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	6,098	6,098
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,775,182	6,098	2,781,280
Balance at 31 October 2021	60,819,666	30,933	60,850,599

The Consolidated Statement of Changes in Members' Funds should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes set out on pages 12 to 29.

St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 31 October 2021

	Note	2021 \$	2020 \$
Cash flow from operating activities Receipts from customers (inclusive of GST) Payments to suppliers and employees (inclusive of GST) Receipts from government grants		19,782,428 (17,720,189) 606,887	26,852,818 (23,360,458) 2,362,500
Grants to football clubs Community development and support expenditure Rent received (inclusive of GST) Finance costs	3	(359,684) 587,376	(1,000,000) (202,969) 565,608 (516)
Interest received Dividends from investments	1	121,846 267,514	339,612 23,838
Net cash inflow from operating activities		3,286,178	5,580,433
Cash flow from investing activities Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Purchase of financial assets Proceeds from sale of financial assets Payment for property, plant and equipment	6 6	(8,986,641) (1,116,736)	221,276 (3,414,753) 586,174 (2,558,944)
Net cash outflows from investing activities		(10,103,377)	(5,166,247)
Cash flow from financing activities Finance lease payments Payments to St George Illawarra RLFC		(500,000)	(62,040)
Net cash outflow from financing activities		(500,000)	(62,040)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(7,317,199)	352,146
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		19,718,274	19,366,128
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	5	12,401,075	19,718,274

The Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes set out on pages 12 to 29.

About this report

St George Leagues Club Limited is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated and domiciled in Australia and is a non-for-profit entity for the purposes of preparing the financial statements. The financial statements are for St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity. The financial statements were authorised for issue on 8 February 2022, in accordance with a resolution of directors. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which:

- Have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Requirements and Interpretations issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001, as appropriate for not-for-profit orientated entities;
- Have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
- Are presented in Australian dollars;
- Where necessary comparative information has been restated to conform with changes in presentation in the current year;
- Adopts all new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are relevant to the operations of the Company and effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 November 2020; and
- · Have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Standards and Interpretations issued but not yet effective

AASB 1060 General Purpose Financial Statements - Simplified Disclosures for For-Profit and Not-for-Profit Tier 2 Entities

This standard is applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 November 2021. AASB 1060 provides a new Tier 2 reporting framework with simplified disclosures that are based on the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards for SMEs. Given that the company already prepares financial statements under the reduced disclosure requirements there is not likely to be an impact on the company's financial statements on adoption of this standard.

Critical Accounting Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

In the process of applying the company's accounting policies, management has made a number of judgements and applied estimates of future events. Judgements and estimates that are material to the financial statements include:

Recoverability of deferred tax assets	Note 4
Fair value measurement	Note 6
Estimated useful lives of assets	Note 7
Long service leave provision	Note 9

1 Revenue and other income

Revenue and other income	2021 \$	2020 \$
Sale of goods		
Bar sales Catering sales Merchandise sales	562,873 921,024 42,700	785,011 1,449,432 4,590
	1,526,597	2,239,033
Rendering of services		
Poker machine - net clearances Members' subscriptions Commission received Other rendering of services revenue	15,775,676 482,499 176,770 94,160	21,381,310 143,072 245,407 314,183
	16,529,105	22,083,972
Other income		
Interest received Rent received Government grants - COVID-19 stimulus Other income	121,846 533,978 606,887 344,457	339,612 514,189 100,000 221,338
	1,607,168	1,175,139
Total revenue and other income	19,662,870	25,498,144

Recognition and Measurement

Revenues are recognised at fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST) payable to the taxation authority. Exchanges of goods or services of the same nature and value without any cash consideration are not recognised as revenues.

1 Revenue and other income (continued)

Recognition and measurement (continued)

Revenues are recognised at fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST) payable to the taxation authority. Transfer of goods or services of the same nature and value without any cash consideration are not recognised as revenues.

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comprises of revenue earned from the provision of food, beverage and other goods and is recognised (net of rebates, returns, discounts and other allowances) at a point in time when the performance obligation is satisfied that is on delivery of goods to the customer.

Rendering of services

Revenue from rendering services comprises revenue from gaming facilities together with other services to members and other patrons of the club and is recognised at a point in time when the services are provided.

Interest Revenue

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which, for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument.

Rental Revenue

Rental revenue from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Government Grant Income

Government grants are recognised as income when it is reasonably certain that the consolidated entity complies with the conditions attached to them and when the right to receive payment is established.

The consolidated entity has elected to recognise grant income relating to Jobkeeper as an offset to the directly attributable expenditure in the financial statements where relevant. The consolidated entity has elected to recognise grant income relating to JobSaver in other income.

Other income

Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment and Poker Machine Entitlements

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment and poker machine entitlements is calculated as the difference between the carrying amount of the asset at the time of disposal and the net proceeds on disposal (including incidental costs) and is recognised as other income at the date control of the asset passes to the buyer.

2 Expenses

anperioes.	2021 \$	2020 \$
Profit before income tax benefit includes the following specific items:		
Defined contribution superannuation expense	429,895	605,301

Employee benefits expense for the 31 October 2021 year is net of \$nil (2020: \$2,362,500) in Government Grants which was received for the Jobkeeper scheme resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic.

Recognition and measurement

Superannuation Plans

The company contributes to several defined contribution superannuation plans. Contributions are recognised as an expense as they are made. The consolidated entity has no legal or constructive obligation to fund any deficit. The company's contribution is a rate of 10% of ordinary time earnings.

3 Football Clubs and Community Development and Support Expenditure

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Community development and support expenditure Grant to St George Illawarra Rugby League Football Club Pty Ltd	359,684 -	202,969 1,000,000
	359,684	1,202,969

Recognition and measurement

Football club grants and community development and support expenditure is recognised at the fair value of consideration paid or payable net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST) payable to the taxation authority.

4 Income Tax

The Income Tax Assessment Act, 1997 (amended) provides that under the concept of mutuality clubs are only liable for income tax on income derived from non-members and from outside entities.

The controlled entity, St George District Rugby League Football Club Limited, is exempt from income tax under Section 50-45 of the Income Tax Assessment Act (1997).

a) Income Tax Benefit

	2021 \$	2020 \$
The amount set aside for income tax in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income has been calculated as follows:	*	*
Portion of income attributable to non-members	1,855,022	3,607,442
Less: Portion of expenses attributable to non-members	(1,389,911)	(2,939,558)
	465,111	667,884
Add: Other assessable income Less: Other deductible expenses Dividends grossed up Withholding tax Utilisation of tax losses	1,185,820 (1,567,594) 97,695 5,550	1,479,564 (1,019,906) 10,216 - (1,137,758)
Net income subject to tax	186,582	-
Current income tax applicable to above at 26% (2020: 26%)	48,511	
Less: Utilisation of franking credits Less: Withholding tax (refundable)	(48,511) (5,550)	-
Current tax receivable	(5,550)	-
Add: Decrease in deferred tax asset Less: Increase in deferred tax liability	37,017 (52,633)	-
Income tax benefit	(21,166)	-

Recognition and measurement

The income tax expense or benefit for the period is the tax payable on that period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate, adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences, unused tax losses and the adjustment recognised for prior periods, where applicable.

4	Income Tax (continued)		
		2021 \$	2020 \$
(b)	Deferred Tax Assets		
	Employee benefits Tax losses	52,262 388,784	66,627 394,473
	Net deferred tax assets	424,083	461,100
	Movements Opening balance Decrease in deferred tax asset	461,100 (37,017)	461,100
	Closing balance	424,083	461,100
(c)	Deferred Tax Liabilities		
	The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to:		
	Depreciation	124,798	177,431
	Net deferred tax liabilities	124,798	177,431
	Movements Opening balance Decrease in deferred tax liabilities	177,431 (52,633)	177,431
	Closing balance	124,798	177,431

St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 October 2021

4 Income Tax (continued)

Recognition and measurement

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities settled, based on those tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted. Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset only where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities; and they relate to the same taxable authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entity's which intend to settle the claim simultaneously.

Key Estimate and Judgement: Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets

The carrying amount of recognised and unrecognised deferred tax assets are reviewed each reporting date. Deferred tax assets recognised are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that future taxable profits will be available for the carrying amount to be recovered. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that there are future taxable profits available to recover the asset.

Mutuality Principle

The company calculates its income in accordance with the mutuality principle which excludes from income, any amounts of subscriptions and contributions from members, and payments received from members for particular services provided by the club or association, e.g. poker machines, bar and dining room service in the case of social clubs. The Commissioner of Taxation accepts this method of calculating income as appropriate for recognised clubs and associations.

Amendments to the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 ensure social clubs continue not to be taxed on receipts from contributions and payments received from members.

5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Reconciliation of cash

Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the Statement of Cash Flows is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Cash at bank and on hand Term deposits	7,001,075 5,400,000	3,418,274 16,300,000
	12,401,075	19,718,274

Recognition and measurement

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and deposits held at call with financial institutions with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

6 Financial Assets

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Financial assets	11,684,486	2,691,747
Reconciliation Opening fair value Additions Disposals Revaluation	2,691,747 9,054,276 - (61,537)	3,414,753 (586,174) (136,832)
Closing fair value	11,684,486	2,691,747

Recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognised at fair value through other comprehensive income, which includes equity investments which the consolidated entity intends to hold for the foreseeable future and has irrevocably elected to classify them as such upon initial recognition.

Financial assets are initially recognised at cost. These assets are subsequently measured at fair value with any incremental gains or losses being recognised through other comprehensive income. This classification is determined based on the business model within which such assets are held.

Key Estimate and Judgement: Fair value measurement

The company is required to classify all assets and liabilities, measured at fair value, using a three level hierarchy, based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the entire fair value measurement, being:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets that the company can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Considerable judgement is required to determine what is significant to fair value and therefore which category the asset or liability is placed in can be subjective.

The fair value of the financial assets disclosed above use a level 1 fair value measurement as the assets are quoted priced prices in an active market that the company can access at its financial year end date.

7 Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and Building	2021 \$	2020 \$
Land and Buildings At cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	38,649,409 (7,953,634)	38,359,904 (7,314,034)
	30,695,775	31,045,870
Poker Machines At cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	11,413,920 (8,272,293)	12,149,909 (8,151,866)
	3,141,627	3x,998,043
Plant and Equipment At cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	21,385,325 (15,694,505)	21,120,524 (15,430,998)
	5,690,820	5,689,526
Motor Vehicles At cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	99,440 (70,317)	126,713 (67,039)
	29,123	59,674
Total Plant and Equipment	8,861,570	9,747,243
Work-in-progress	•	2,500
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	39,557,345	40,795,613

7 Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Valuation

An independent valuation of the company's land and buildings was carried out by Andrew Nock Pty Limited at 28 May 2019 on the basis of open market value for existing use. This resulted in a valuation of land and buildings at \$29,880,000 and \$21,500,000 respectively. The directors are of the opinion that there has been no decline in the market value of the company's land and buildings at 31 October 2021. As land and buildings are recorded at cost the valuation has not been brought to account.

Properties

The following are core properties: The following are non-core properties:

124 Princes Highway, Kogarah NSW 2217 There is no non-core property held by the Club.

Reconciliations

Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movements in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year are set out below:

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Land and Buildings Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Depreciation expense	31,045,870 287,615 (637,710)	30,904,452 793,318 (651,900)
Carrying amount at end of year	30,695,775	31,045,870
Poker Machines Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Disposals Depreciation expense	3,998,043 114,670 (45,392) (925,694)	4,356,474 920,279 (160,469) (1,118,241)
Carrying amount at end of year	3,141,627	3,998,043

7 Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)	2021	2020
Reconciliations (continued)	\$	\$
Plant and Equipment Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Disposals Depreciation expense	5,689,526 714,451 (28,513) (684,644)	5,739,839 793,495 (45,698) (798,110)
Carrying amount at end of year	5,690,820	5,689,526
Motor Vehicles Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Disposals Depreciation expense	59,674 - (6,725) (23,826)	49,771 49,352 (15,109) (24,340)
Carrying amount at end of year	29,123	59,674
Work-in-progress Carrying amount at beginning of year Additions Write off	2,500 - (2,500)	2,500
Carrying amount at end of year	-	2,500

Leased assets

The net book value of leased assets included in the property, plant and equipment is \$nil (2020: \$nil).

Recognition and measurement

Freehold land and buildings are shown at historic cost less subsequent depreciation for buildings and accumulated impairment losses for land and buildings.

All property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the consolidated entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

7 Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

Recognition and measurement (continued)

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated using the straight line or diminishing value methods to allocate their cost or revalued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

	2021	2020
Buildings	40 years	40 years
Plant and equipment	10 years	10 years
Poker machines	5 years	5 years
Motor vehicles	6 years	6 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of the reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold the amounts included in the revaluation reserve relating to those assets are transferred to retained earnings.

Key Estimate and Judgement: Estimated Useful Lives of Assets

The consolidated entity determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation and amortisation charges for its property, plant and equipment. The useful lives could change significantly as a result of technical innovations or some other event. The depreciation and amortisation charge will increase where the useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold will be written off or written down.

8 Trade and Other Payables

Current	2021 \$	2020 \$
Trade creditors Goods and Services Tax (GST) payable Sundry creditors and accruals	418,308 (2,142) 727,863	591,565 212,781 1,980,431
	1,144,029	2,784,777

Recognition and measurement

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the company prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Due to their short-term nature they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits are recognised in accruals.

St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 October 2021

9 Employee Benefits

2020 \$
2,831,954
99,545

Recognition and measurement

Annual Leave and Sick Leave

Annual leave expected to be settled within twelve months of the reporting date is recognised in employee benefits with respect to employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when the leave is taken and measured at the rates paid or payable.

Long Service Leave

The provision for employee benefits relating to long service leave represents the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made resulting from employees' services provided to reporting date. In determining the present value of the liability, estimates of attrition rates and pay increases through promotion and inflation have been taken into account.

Key Estimate and Judgement: Long Service Leave Provision

The provision is calculated using expected future increases in wage and salary rates including related on-costs and expected settlement dates based on turnover history and is discounted using the market yields on national government bonds at reporting date which most closely match the terms of maturity with the expected timing of cash flows. The unwinding of the discount is treated as long service leave expense.

The present values of employee benefits not expected to settle within the next 12 months of reporting date has been calculated using the following rates:

	2021	2020
Assumed rate of increase in wage and salary rates	0.9%	1.6%
Discount rate	3.3%	3.2%

St George Leagues Club Limited and its Controlled Entity

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 October 2021

10 Commitments

Capital Commitments

At 31 October 2021, St George Leagues Club and its Controlled Entity had not entered into any contractual commitments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment (2020: Nil).

11 Contingent Liabilities

Estimates of the potential financial effect of contingent liabilities that may become payable:

Contingent liabilities with respect to bank guarantees given to third parties

50,000

50,000

12 Key Management Personnel

(a) Directors

The following persons were non-executive directors of the company during the financial year:

Ralph Gordon Piggott

Peter Lawrence Doust

Brian Stuart Johnston

Bruce William Spaul

Peter Ernest Black

Michelle Maree McClelland

Craig Stephen Young

Martin Newman

Matthew Horton

(b) Other Key Management Personnel

The following persons also had authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company, directly or indirectly during the financial year:

Danny Robinson

General Manager

Michael Derrig

Assistant General Manager

Jarrad Schwarze

Operations Manager

Laura Skinner

Gaming Operations Manager

(c) Key Management Personnel Compensation

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Benefits and payments made to other Key Management Personnel	1,100,326	1,179,270

13 Related Parties

Key Management Personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out in Note 13.

Related Party Transactions	2021 \$	2020 \$
Grants paid to St George Illawarra Rugby League Football Club Pty Ltd		1,000,000
Balance with Entities Within the Group		
The balances of St George Illawarra Rugby League Football Club Pty Ltd with the parent company at reporting date:	ı	
Trade and other receivables Sundry debtors	500,000	4,396

From time to time, directors of the company, or their director-related entities, may purchase goods from the company. These purchase re on the same terms and conditions as those entered into by other company employees or customers and are trivial or domestic in nature.

(29,075)

Apart from the details disclosed in this note, no director has entered into a material contract with the company since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests existing at year end.

14 Company Details

Trade payables

The Club is incorporated and domiciled in Australia as a company limited by guarantee.

The registered office of the company is:

St George Leagues Club Limited 124 Princes Highway Kogarah NSW 2217

15 Controlled Entity

Subsidiary: St George District Rugby League Football Club Ltd

Country of Incorporation: Australia

(29,075)

16 Events Subsequent to Reporting Date

There are no matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year that have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the company in future financial years.

17 Parent Entity Financial Information

(a) Summary financial information

The individual financial statements for the parent entity show the following aggregate amounts.

	2021 \$	2020 \$
Statement of Financial Position		
Current assets Total assets Current liabilities Total liabilities	13,426,007 65,008,333 4,053,107 4,343,235	20,182,310 64,077,035 5,747,111 6,120,915
Members' funds		
Total members' funds	60,665,098	57,956,120
Profit for the year	2,702,878	2,891,232
Total comprehensive income for the year	2,708,978	2,754,400

(b) Contingent liabilities of the parent entity

Refer to Note 11 for details of the contingent liabilities of the parent entity.

18 Summary of Other Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST), except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances, the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables in the Statement of Financial Position are shown inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is included as a current asset or liability in the Statement of Financial Position.

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis, except for the GST component of investing and financing activities which are disclosed as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office.

(b) Poker Machine Entitlements

Poker machine entitlements are not amortised as they are deemed to have an indefinite useful life. They have an indefinite useful life as they do not expire and under current government legislation there is no plan to remove such entitlements. As a result, poker machine entitlements are tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Poker machine entitlements are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

(c) Impairment of Assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value-in-use. The value-in-use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows relating to the asset using a pre-tax discount rate specific to the asset or cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Assets that do not have independent cash flows are grouped together to form a cash-generating unit.

(d) Finance Costs

Finance costs include interest, premiums relating to borrowings, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred in connection with arrangement of borrowings and lease finance charges.

(e) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade debtors and other receivables represent the principal amounts due at balance date plus accrued interest and less, where applicable, any unearned income and provisions for doubtful accounts.

(f) Inventories

inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs are assigned on the basis of weighted average costs.

18 Summary of Other Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(g) Customer Loyalty Program

The consolidated entity operates a loyalty program where customers accumulate points for dollars spent. The award points are recognised as a separately identifiable component of the initial sale transaction, by allocating the fair value of the consideration received between the award points and the other components of the sale that the award points are recognised at their fair value. Revenue from the award points is recognised when the points are redeemed. The amount of revenue is based on the number of points redeemed relative to the total number expected to be redeemed.

(h) Interest in Joint Venture

The joint venture is jointly controlled by the controlled entity and another entity. The controlled entity's interest is accounted for by using the equity accounting principles in the consolidated financial statements. Under the constitution of the joint venture, any surplus funds remaining from the joint venture on wind up are not able to be distributed back to members. The liability of the Company is also limited to the interest it holds in the joint venture. On this basis, the company does not record its share of the net assets or net liabilities that are disclosed below.